

TrInc: Small trusted hardware for large distributed systems

D. Levin, J. Douceur, J. Lorch and T. Moscibroda
Presented by Clint Sbisà

March 8, 2010

Introduction

- ▶ TrInc: Trusted incrementer
- ▶ Monotonic counter and a key
- ▶ Trusted Platform Module (TPM)

Background

- ▶ Equivocation
- ▶ Trusted hardware

Design

- ▶ Preventing equivocation
- ▶ API depends on internal state
- ▶ Trinkets (communicate over USB or other channel)

Design

- ▶ Private/public key and identity
- ▶ Attestations
- ▶ Certificates
- ▶ Checking attestations
- ▶ Counters (and metacounter)
- ▶ Queue of attestations

Analysis

- ▶ Equivocation
- ▶ Timeliness
- ▶ Minimality

Case study: A2M

- ▶ Trusted logs (append)
- ▶ Attestations for actions (appending, deleting, lookups)
- ▶ Decreased complexity

Case study: PeerReview

- ▶ Enabling accountability by using witnesses
- ▶ Interaction among witnesses
- ▶ Clear proof of misbehavior
- ▶ Challenge-response no longer needed, no witness-to-witness communication

Case study: BitTorrent

- ▶ Open incentives
- ▶ Under-reporting pieces to peers to obtain higher download
- ▶ Count number of pieces recieved

Implementation

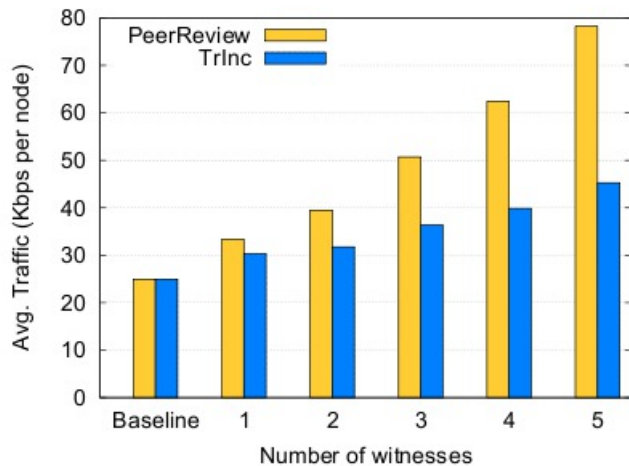
Operation	Time (msec)	
Noop	6.14 ± 0.15	
Attest	(asymmetric, advance > 0)	230.24 ± 0.28
	(asymmetric, advance = 0)	198.21 ± 0.10
	(symmetric, advance > 0)	128.95 ± 0.08
	(symmetric, advance = 0)	105.90 ± 0.08
Verify Symmetric Attestation	85.81 ± 0.11	

- ▶ Gemalto .NET SmartCards
- ▶ Slow!

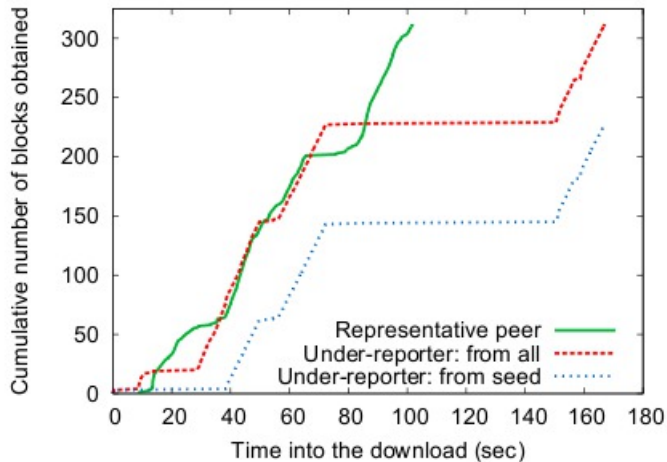
Evaluation: A2M

Operation	Time (msec)	
	TrInc	A2M
Noop	6.99 ± 0.01	
Append	187.60 ± 0.15	551.93 ± 154
Lookup (Successful)	0.0122 ± 0.02	304.14 ± 6.87
Lookup (TooEarly)	162.24 ± 0.08	289.68 ± 2.23
Lookup (Forgotten)	162.35 ± 0.10	350.51 ± 1.43
End	162.31 ± 0.11	294.16 ± 2.04
Truncate	187.94 ± 0.10	28.99 ± 0.02
Advance	187.81 ± 0.12	288.20 ± 11.4

Evaluation: PeerReview



Evaluation: BitTorrent



Conclusion

- ▶ Need for hardware
- ▶ Slow– not acceptable for some protocols
- ▶ Adoption